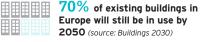


Healthy Buildings combine energy efficiency, well-being and performance of people

EPBD*

Strengthening the role of lighting systems in the EPBD will result in improved energy savings and well-being in buildings

*Energy Performance of Buildings Directive



Today, only around 1% of existing buildings are new or renovated



(source: McK report: The carbon productivity challenge: Curbing climate change and sustaining economic growth)

LightingEurope proposal to EPBD legislative debate

- Lighting Systems to be defined as Technical Building System replacing "Built-in Lighting"
- 2 Member states strategy on renovation of existing building stock should include human-centric approach
 - Introduction of a Smartness Indicator to assess the smartness of a building and to foster energy savings, well-being and performance of people

The maximum EU-28 total annual electricity savings for optimized lighting system designs with controls (depending on the reference light source scenario) are:



(for reference: EcoDesign (EC)245/2009 on tertia sector lighting products saving potential is 38 TWh/year in 2020)

(source: ENER Lot 37)

Lighting Systems

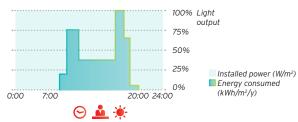
Provide dynamic and tunable light (dimming and boosting light intensity and tuning spectrum) enabling Human Centric Lighting.

Lighting systems are measured in actual energy consumed and not in maximum installed power

(source: EN 15193-1)

Lighting systems react instantly to users' needs, thereby reducing energy consumption.

3



Timing, occupancy and daylight sensors

The 'lighting system design process' will be an important tool to

Define the lighting design according to user needs and investor interest 2 Achieve transparency, documentation and planning certainty 3 Ensure energy performance and lighting quality according to design

Lighting systems design process:



Quality of light

The design of lighting systems is based on light quality requirements as described in European standards

(source: ENER Lot 37 study)



Colour

renderina



EN 12464-1 Lighting of work places

Horizontal Vertical illuminance



Colour temperature





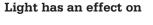
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Healthy Buildings combine energy efficiency, well-being and performance of people

Human Centric Lighting

Supports health, wellbeing and performance of humans by combining visual, biological and emotional benefits of light

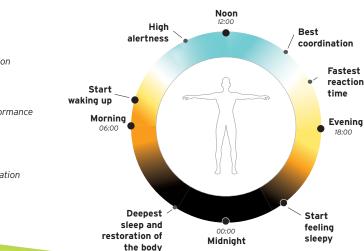




Bodv Alertness, cognitive performance

Emotion Mood, energize and relaxation

and sleep/wake cvcle



Light is the most important timer

for our internal clock

We need the right light for our activities at the right place at the right time



Metrics exist for visual aspects and new metrics are in development for non-visual aspects

Age-related

Melanopic equivalent davlight



illuminance

Light levels entering the eye needs for light

Healthy Buildings

EPBD will create an opportunity to boost investments in better performing buildings

Each year, at least 3% of the existing buildings need to be renovated to achieve the European goals

70% of the world's population will live in cities by 2030

In Europe, buildings use 40% of total energy and produce nearly 36% of CO₂ emissions

Non-residential buildings comprise up to 20% of total energy consumption

Typical business operating costs are



The focus must be on energy efficiency and on benefits for people. Human Centric Lighting will play an important role to realize healthy buildings and thus to shorten pay-back time

Benefits for people in healthy buildings due to lighting

Workers productivity

increases by up to

18%

Employees

in office perform up

to 12% better





Students achieve up to 14% higher scores



(source: www.ecodesignconsultants.co.uk/healthy-buildings/ www.cbre.nl/en/healthy-offices-research)



